

The Ohio Statesman

FRIDAY MORNING, NOV. 1, 1861.

| MAIL ROOM TIME TABLE | | |
|----------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Letter Mail | Express | Parcel |
| Leave Post Office | Leave Post Office | Leave Post Office |
| At 6:30 A. M. | At 7:00 A. M. | At 7:30 A. M. |
| At 11:00 A. M. | At 11:30 A. M. | At 12:00 P. M. |
| At 3:00 P. M. | At 3:30 P. M. | At 4:00 P. M. |
| At 5:00 P. M. | At 5:30 P. M. | At 6:00 P. M. |
| At 7:00 P. M. | At 7:30 P. M. | At 8:00 P. M. |
| At 9:00 P. M. | At 9:30 P. M. | At 10:00 P. M. |
| At 11:00 P. M. | At 11:30 P. M. | At 12:00 A. M. |

LOCAL MATTERS.

A Chance for Printers.

A Democratic newspaper, recently started, with a circulation of 300 copies, is offered for sale at the low price of four hundred dollars cash. It is printed in a flourishing city, and has part of the country printing, and its circulation can easily be raised to 500. The material of the office, two years ago, \$800. This is good opening for a practical printer. Address: Editor Statesman, Columbus, Ohio, for further particulars.

November.—This is the first day of November.

The following from Whittier's "Huskies," is a fine description of an Indian summer day, may of which we hope to see this month:

In this dry that more
The sun rose broad and red;
At first a gleam of fire,
It brightened as it spread.

Yet even its beautiful glow
Felt chastened and subdued
On clouds and on orchards
And on the forest wood.

All that quiet afternoon,
Sitting alone in the hall,
I thought of the old days,
When I was with golden hair.

The haze with yellow light,
Shining through the painted leaves
It brightened the hall,
And I thought of the old days,
When I was with golden hair.

DONATIONS FOR THE SOLDIERS.—The following donations were received at the office of the Quartermaster-General, on Wednesday:

79 blankets, 1 coverlet, 178 pair socks, 10 pair drawers, 43 shirts, 3 pair mittens, 42 pin cushions.

The following, from donations, were sent to Virginia on Wednesday, in charge of General Henry Wilson:

1,006 blankets, 1,300 pair socks, 420 pair drawers, 504 shirts, 6 trousers, 29 pair socks, 84 neck comforters, 204 pair mittens, 55 coats, 19 pair pants.

A GOOD APPOINTMENT.—We learn with pleasure that Lieutenant Colonel CANTWELL, of the Fourth Regiment, has been appointed Colonel of the Eighty-second Regiment, in process of organization at Bayreuth. Colonel CANTWELL has been in command of the Fourth Regiment since the death of Colonel LORIN ANDREWS, and was, we understand, the unanimous choice of the men as his successor. As the commander of the Eighty-second, we feel assured that Col. CANTWELL will distinguish himself as an efficient and brave officer, in whom all under him will have the most implicit confidence.

WE NOTICE ALSO THAT ADJUTANT DUFFEE has been appointed Lieutenant-Colonel, and Capt. ROBINSON Major of the Eighty-second.

CAMP STYL AND BED.—The greatest improvement which has come to our knowledge lately, is a camp stool and bed combined, manufactured and sold by our enterprising fellow-townsmen, Messrs. LALL, BROWN & CO. Army officers should by all means call and purchase one of these camp luxuries. See advertisement in another column.

THE 13th, 30th and 40th Regiments of Ohio Volunteers are at Camp Nolin, on Nolin Creek, Ky., under command of Brig-Gen. McCook. Letters for members of these regiments should be directed to Nolin P. O., Ky.

THE SHOP ON THE PENITENTIARY grounds recently destroyed by fire, is being rapidly rebuilt, and will soon be occupied by our enterprising fellow-townsmen, Mr. HAYDEN.

THE OLD QUARTERS AT CAMP DENISON are undergoing a complete transformation, giving place to new, more substantial and warm winter quarters.

RECRUITING IN OHIO.—Since October 1st, according to returns in the Adjutant General's office, eight thousand one hundred infantry recruits and seven hundred and ninety-four artillery and cavalry have been enlisted in Ohio for the war, by Second Lieutenants appointed for recruiting under the auspices of District Military Committees.

INDICTMENTS BY THE U. S. GRAND JURY.—The Grand Jury of the U. S. Court, sitting at Cincinnati, on Wednesday, reported bills of indictment against JAMES M. CROWTHER, THOMAS B. LINCOLN and JOHN A. SKEFF, charged with treason against the Government. The Jury were then finally discharged.

THEY ARE DRIVING A PRETTY THRIVING BUSINESS in Cincinnati in filling up the dog-pound on Poplar street. The trappers are paid twenty-five cents per head, and Wednesday morning a boy presented a bill of \$13.00 to the Chief of Police for dogs he had captured in a couple of days.

A RIGIDLY PIOUS OLD LADY down East says that "this civil war is a judgment upon the nation for permitting women to wear hoops." Quite as sensible as some of the pulp theories on the same subject.

A HIGHLY INTERESTING ON DIT.—That it will soon be necessary to fit up one of the rooms at the White House as a nursery. Such an apartment has not been necessary since John Quincy Adams was President.

HON. E. G. SQUIER, formerly editor of the *Cincinnati Gazette*, has recently taken charge of the editorial department of *Frank Leslie's Illustrated Newspaper*.

THE ARTICLE IN YESTERDAY'S STATESMAN, headed "K. G. C." should have been credited to the *Cincinnati Gazette* instead of the *Enquirer*.

MEATS, VEGETABLES, ETC.—The largest and finest quality of beef, mutton and meats of every kind ever brought to this city, will be exhibited and for sale on Saturday next (Nov. 2), at the meat store of our fellow-townsmen, ROBERT ROSS, North High street, between Gay and Long. All persons wishing anything in his line should by all means give him a call.

TELEGRAPHIC.

Reported for the Ohio Statesman.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

President's Reply to Senators.

Heavy Firing Down the Potomac.

FOUR SOLDIERS TO BE SHOT.

FREMONT AT SPRINGFIELD.

Arrival of the Arago with Arms and Clothing.

A Visit to Beauregard's Headquarters.

Rebel Loss at Conrad's Ferry.

From Washington.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 31.—It is understood that General McClellan has issued an order for the shooting of four soldiers found guilty of sleeping at their picket post.

Some members of the 33d New York, owing to gross misconduct to-day got into difficulty with citizens in the neighborhood of Lewinsville; two of the former were severely injured.

General Hancock sent out a detachment and promptly placed the soldiers under arrest.

General Banks has sufficient authority for explicitly denying the statement that the army of the Potomac would go into winter quarters within the lines of the rebel army.

No such purpose is entertained by the Government, and no such suggestion has been made by General McClellan.

Within the last fortnight the activity of preparation has been going on for some time within the last two months. Of course an army is to remain in and around Washington to defend the capital, and doubtless a large camp of instruction for the men and horses.

Water barracks have been ordered for the army, and the Quartermaster-General Meigs is having the barracks completed.

The Tribune's story of the running away of Captain Dupont's clerk appears to be a sell.

The President has assured parties that a forward movement by the army is determined on; though at what time it is not proper to state.

The world's correspondent speaks of a meeting of the President, and says the advantage the South has had over us is in the superior character of the regimental and company officers.

We are for repairing this matter slowly; at the same time all who are deserving promotion from the ranks are certain to receive it in due time.

The Navy Department has recently ordered five hundred more of the same kind, which are being cast at all the foundries in the country.

Citizens of Buffalo have sent a petition to the President, headed by Millard Fillmore, asking the appointment of Gen. Helm as Major-General.

In a conversation at Edwards's Ferry, between the rebel and our pickets, they acknowledged their loss in killed and wounded at the battle of Conrad's Ferry was three hundred and fifty, and that they had lost sixty men in a skirmish at Edwards's Ferry, Tuesday, when their artillery drove them back. They said on Sunday night there were but three regiments at Leesburg. They had now about forty thousand men up who came up from Kansas; these would return, as they were not wanted there. These statements are confirmed by rebel prisoners and our scouts.

The Tribune asserts that the rumor of Commodore Dupont's secretary absconding was unfounded, and adds that it has reason to believe that it was put in circulation by an enemy of the gentleman and a foe to the Government.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 31.—A petition is in circulation here and around the city, asking the President to order the Government to furnish fuel to the people of Washington at reasonable prices.

The War Department did not recognize General Jim Lane, of Kansas, as having authority over a brigade. His commission was issued by a State, and does not proceed from the President. General Lane has sent here for a corps of engineers and sappers and miners, and the Government refuses to grant the requisition.

Private advices lately received from Kentucky, are very encouraging. Many of the rebels are reported to be falling back in a rather hopeless manner. This is better news than that reported by General Thomas.

We are officially informed that the great naval expedition sailed without mishap, and that there is nothing of interest to communicate from the Potomac to-day. Weather fine, and the troops in excellent spirits.

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 31.—The following order was issued from the Postoffice Department to-day:

The Postmaster-General orders that all letters by any acting field or staff officer in the service of the United States shall be forwarded on the mail without payment of postage, in accordance with the provisions of the 11th section of the act to employ volunteers, etc., approved July 22, 1861.

Stationary contract for the House of Representatives was awarded to Messrs. W. S. Adams & Sons, of New York.

There have been no arrivals to-day from the Lower Potomac. The Cour de Lion started down to-night with coal for the flotilla.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 31.—All quiet up to four o'clock this afternoon on the entire line of the Potomac.

There seems to be no doubt that the rebels have a large number of boats at Occoquan Creek, manufactured at Fredericksburg, intended to cross the Potomac.

The President's Reply to Senators.—First of Three—Heavy Firing Down the Potomac.

NEW YORK, Oct. 31.—The jury in the pirate case stood eight in favor of conviction and four for acquittal.

The Herald's Washington dispatch says the President has informed Gen. U. S. Grant, who called upon him yesterday to know the forward march was to take place, that the responsibility of such a movement is left with Gen. McClellan, and that it is the purpose of the executive to sustain him in his undertaking, whatever his determination may be. The Senators left satisfied.

About 10 o'clock yesterday morning, a boat, containing seven rebels with a flag of truce, was seen coming across the Potomac from the mouth of Quantico creek. Capt. Adams, of the First Massachusetts regiment went down to the shore at Budd's Ferry to receive it. When within about one thousand yards from the Maryland side, the rebels in the boat threw overboard a barrel, which they anchored like a buoy. Taking in the flag of truce, they pulled back to the Virginia side as fast as possible.

In the afternoon Henry's ferry was heard from the Potomac from Budd's Ferry.

The Express states that a few days since John A. Kennedy, Superintendent of Police, issued what seems to be a secret order to the police, relative to persons about visiting foreign countries. The order directs that every passenger coming outside the country be examined by the police, who are to see that all have a passport.

The Supervisor of the post passed today the ship Joseph W. Dyer, two-sixteenths of which are owned by James Phillips, of Louisiana.

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COMMERCIAL MATTERS.

New York Market.

NEW YORK, Oct. 31.

FLOUR.—The market has advanced 50¢ per barrel with heavy trade.

Flour is in demand for export, and for the home market. The market is quiet, and prices are steady. The market is quiet, and prices are steady.

WHEAT.—The market has advanced 50¢ per bushel with heavy trade.

Wheat is in demand for export, and for the home market. The market is quiet, and prices are steady. The market is quiet, and prices are steady.

RYE.—The market has advanced 50¢ per bushel with heavy trade.

Rye is in demand for export, and for the home market. The market is quiet, and prices are steady. The market is quiet, and prices are steady.

BARLEY.—The market has advanced 50¢ per bushel with heavy trade.

Barley is in demand for export, and for the home market. The market is quiet, and prices are steady. The market is quiet, and prices are steady.

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